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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/276,868	03/26/1999	MICHAEL SIMONS	BIS-043	2716
75	03/03/2005		EXAM	INER
DAVID PRAS PO BOX 5387	SHKER PC		KAM, Ch	HIH MIN
MAGNOLIA,	MA 01930		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			1653	
			DATE MAILED: 03/03/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•			_ 9
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/276,868	SIMONS ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Chih-Min Kam	1653	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communicatio D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	n.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 De	ecember 2004.		
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E			S
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) 11-15 is/are pending in the application	1. .		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw		•	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11-15</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.	•	
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	-	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) objected to by the E	Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 		-(d) or (f).	
Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in Application	on No	
Copies of the certified copies of the prior		ed in this National Stage	
application from the International Bureau	` ''		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not receive	d.	

Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	Λ. Π. I	(DTO 440)	
2) Notice of References Cited (P10-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT0-948)	4) Ll Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da		
B) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		atent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

The Request for Continued Examination (RCE) filed December 23, 2004 under 37 CFR
 1.114 is acknowledged. An action on the RCE follows.

Status of the Claims

2. Claims 11-15 are pending.

Applicants' amendment filed December 23, 2004 is acknowledged, and applicant's response has been fully considered. Claims 11 and 15 have been amended, thus claims 11-15 are examined.

Rejection Withdrawn

Claim Rejections-Obviousness Type Double Patenting

3. The previous rejection of claims 11-15, under judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 10-13 of copending application 10/391,155 (US 2004/0009463), is withdrawn in view of applicant's submission of a terminal disclaimer, and applicant's response at pages 15-16 in the amendment filed December 23, 2004.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 11-15 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Blecha *et al.* (WO 96-32129).

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Blecha *et al.* teach PR-39 and the truncated analogs such as PR-14, PR-19 and PR-26, some of the peptides can inhibit leukocyte superoxide anion production and attract leukocytes, thus can be used as medicaments that fight infection by attracting leukocytes to a wound site to restrict tissue damage (page 3). The truncated analog PR-14 (RRRPRPPYLPRPRP, Fig. 1) comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4 (RRRPRPPYLPR, claim 13) or SEQ ID NO: 5 (RRRPRPPY, claim 14), and PR-19 (RRRPRPPYLPRPRPPPFFP, Fig. 1) comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:3 (RRRPRPPYLPRPRPP, claim 12). These truncated analogs of PR-39 such as PR-14 and PR-19, which have the same structural features as the claimed PR-39 oligopeptides, e.g., having less than 26 amino acid residues, having N-terminal Arg-Arg-Arg, and having identical amino acid sequence to the N-terminal region of native PR-39 peptide, would be expected to have the characteristics, traits or properties of the claimed peptides cited in the claim (claims 11 and 15) since they have the same amino acid sequences as the claimed sequence of SEQ ID NO: 3, 4 or 5.

In response, applicants indicate that the rejection made by Examiner is based solely and exclusively upon the legal doctrine of "inherency", and the basis of "inherency" requires a factual determination of whether those aspects of the claimed subject matter that are not taught in the single prior art reference-the missing descriptive information are known in the field of the inventions by practitioners ordinarily skilled in that technical area; the Examiner must demonstrate the prior art reference discloses and provides all the requisite elements and particular limitations defined by the claim, as well as identifies the resulting capabilities, properties and traits recited by the claim language with substantial certainty; and Blecha *et al.* teach the synthesized anti-microbial peptides such as PR-14, PR-19 and PR-26 peptides are

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analogs or truncated peptides of PR-39 peptide, however, only PR-26 peptide was found to have anti-microbial activity, the PR-14 and PR-19 analogs failed to show any anti-microbial activity, thus, among the peptide family of PR-39, only PR-26 peptide has anti-microbial activity, the PR-14 and PR-19 are not operative and functional. Therefore, Blecha *et al.* disclose inoperative and non-functional peptide structures, which do not have the requisite elements and limitations of applicants' claimed invention (pages 16-35 of the response).

The response has been fully considered, however, the argument is not found persuasive because Blecha et al. teach the same truncated PR-39 peptides (e.g., PR-14 and PR-19) as the oligopeptides cited in claims 12, 13 or 14 (e.g., peptides comprising SEQ ID NO:3, 4 or 5), and PR-14 and PR-19, which have the same structural features as the claimed PR-39 oligopeptides, e.g., having less than 26 amino acid residues, having N-terminal Arg-Arg-Arg, and having identical amino acid sequence to the N-terminal region of native PR-39 peptide, would be expected to have the same properties and traits as the claimed PR-39 oligopeptides. Although the peptides of PR-14 and PR-19 do not have anti-microbial activity against specific bacteria (e.g., E. coli) as indicated by Blecha et al., this anti-microbial activity is only one biological activity being tested, the reference does not indicate the peptides of PR-14 and PR-19 are inoperative and non-functional in all biological activities. The properties of the claimed PR-39 oligopeptides such as inhibiting proteasome-mediated degradation, being pharmacologically active, or interacting in-situ with the \alpha7 subunit of proteasomes in the cytoplasm of the cell would be expected for peptides of PR-14 and PR-19, since these peptides contain the same structures as the claimed PR-39 oligopeptides.

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5. Claims 11-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Chan *et al.* (J. Biol. Chem. 273, 28978-28985 (October 1998)).

Chan *et al.* teach biologically active fragment of PR-39 (PR-39(15)), which contains the first 15 residues of PR-39 with a biotinylated cysteine residue added to the C-terminal end (page 28979, left column, second paragraph), is able to kill *Salmonella typhimurium* PhoP at 5 μM in well diffusion assays and to binds multiple cytosolic proteins (page 28980, Fig. 4; claims 12-14). This PR-39(15) peptide, which has the same structural features as the claimed PR-39 oligopeptides (SEQ ID NOs: 3, 4 and 5), e.g., having less than 26 amino acid residues, having N-terminal Arg-Arg-Arg, and having identical amino acid sequence to the N-terminal region of native PR-39 peptide, would be expected to have the characteristics, traits or properties of the claimed peptides cited in the claim (claims 11 and 15).

Conclusion

6. No claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chih-Min Kam whose telephone number is (571) 272-0948. The examiner can normally be reached on 8.00-4:30, Mon-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jon Weber can be reached at 571-272-0925. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-272-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

CB1:/-

Chih-Min Kam, Ph. D.

Patent Examiner

CMK

March 2, 2005